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**COPD and
cardiovascular risk:
The deadly duo**

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Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is a highly symptomatic condition with physical and emotional impacts that greatly reduce quality of life and increase mortality risk.¹ Cardiovascular events are common in people with COPD, and are an important cause of morbidity and mortality in the weeks following an acute COPD exacerbation.^{2,3}

Presented by GP **Conjoint A/Prof Chee Khoo** and **Conjoint A/Prof Belinda Cochrane**, this webinar explores the link between COPD and CV risk, reviews latest recommendations for COPD management, and describes the actions you can take to reduce the risk of exacerbations in patients with COPD.



A/Prof Chee Khoo



A/Prof Belinda Cochrane

**Wednesday 17 April 2024
7:00pm - 8.30pm AEST**

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- ✓ Earn 1.5 CPD hours for Educational Activities, reported directly to your college.
- ✓ Learn steps for reducing exacerbation risk and improving patient outcomes in COPD.
- ✓ Understand the relationship between acute COPD exacerbations and risk of cardiovascular events.
- ✓ Ask our experts your questions about COPD and CV risk.

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References

1. Yang IA et al. The COPD-X Plan: Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for the management of Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease 2023. Version 2.72, October 2023.
2. Kunisaki KM et al. Exacerbations of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and cardiac events. A post hoc cohort analysis from the SUMMIT randomized clinical trial. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med*. 2018;198:51-57.
3. Reilev M et al. Increased risk of major adverse cardiac events following the onset of acute exacerbations of COPD. *Respirology*. 2019 Dec;24(12):1183-90.